AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

- (Original) A method for testing a fecal sample, the method comprising:
 obtaining a fecal sample from a person; and
 determining whether anti-neutrophil cytoplasmic antibodies are present in
 the sample.
- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein if the sample contains antineutrophil cytoplasmic antibodies, a diagnosis of ulcerative colitis may be substantially concluded.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the presence of anti-neutrophil cytoplasmic antibodies is used to aid in the differentiation of ulcerative colitis from Crohn's disease.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the presence of anti-neutrophil cytoplasmic antibodies is used to aid in the differentiation of ulcerative colitis from other gastrointestinal illnesses.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 4, wherein the other gastrointestinal illness is irritable bowel syndrome.
- 6. (Original) The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the endogenous antineutrophil cytoplasmic antibodies comprise the total anti-neutrophil cytoplasmic antibodies.
 - 7. (Original) The method as recited in claim 1, further comprising: diluting the fecal sample.

- 8. (Original) The method as recited in claim 7, further comprising:

 contacting the sample with neutrophil cytoplasmic antigens to create a treated sample.
- (Original) The method as recited in claim 8, further comprising:
 contacting the treated sample with polyvalent antibodies to human
 immunoglobulin to create a readable sample.
- 10. (Original) The method as recited in claim 9, further comprising: determining an optical density of the readable sample at 450 nm, wherein the optical density corresponds to a level of endogenous anti-neutrophil cytoplasmic antibodies in the sample.
- 11. (Original) A diagnostic assay for diagnosing ulcerative colitis by determining the endogenous anti-neutrophil cytoplasmic antibodies, the assay comprising:

obtaining a human fecal sample;

diluting the fecal sample;

contacting the sample with neutrophil cytoplasmic antigens to create a treated sample;

contacting the treated sample with polyvalent antibodies to human immunoglobulin to create a readable sample;

determining the optical density of the readable sample at 450 nm.

12. (Original) The diagnostic assay as recited in claim 11, wherein if the readable sample contains endogenous anti-neutrophil cytoplasmic antibodies, a diagnosis of ulcerative colitis is substantially concluded.

1586812v1 Page 3 of 6

- 13. (Original) The diagnostic assay as recited in claim 12, wherein the antibodies are one of IgG, IgE, IgM, IgD, IgA_{sec.} IgA, and combinations thereof.
- 14. (Original) The diagnostic assay as recited in claim 1, wherein the assay comprises one of an enzyme-linked immunoassay and a lateral flow membrane test.
 - 15. (Currently Canceled)
 - 16. (Currently Canceled)
- 17. (Original) A method for screening for ulcerative colitis, the method comprising:

obtaining a sample from a person;

determining whether anti-neutrophil cytoplasmic antibodies are present in the sample; and

if so, a diagnosis of ulcerative colitis may be substantially concluded.

- 18. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein the presence of antineutrophil cytoplasmic antibodies is used to aid in the differentiation of ulcerative colitis from Crohn's disease.
- 19. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein the presence of antineutrophil cytoplasmic antibodies is used to aid in the differentiation of ulcerative colitis from other gastrointestinal illnesses.
- 20. (Original) The method as recited in claim 17, wherein the endogenous anti-neutrophil cytoplasmic antibodies comprise the total anti-neutrophil cytoplasmic antibodies.

1586812v1 Page 4 of 6

Application No. 10/656,034 Amendment date February 11, 2005 Reply to Office Action of 01/11/2005

- 21. (Original) The method as recited in claim 17, further comprising:
 diluting the sample.
- 22. (Original) The method as recited in claim 21, further comprising: contacting the sample with neutrophil cytoplasmic antigens to create a treated sample.
- 23. (Original) The method as recited in claim 22, further comprising:

 contacting the treated sample with polyvalent antibodies to human immunoglobulin to create a readable sample.
- 24. (Original) The method as recited in claim 23, further comprising: determining an optical density of the readable sample at 450 nm, wherein the optical density corresponds to a level of endogenous anti-neutrophil cytoplasmic antibodies in the sample.
- 25. (Original) The method as recited in claim 17, wherein the sample is one of human feces, whole blood, serum, plasma, human bodily fluid and human tissue.

1586812v1 Page 5 of 6